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## Density Worksheet <br> Physical Science <br> D=m/V

| Densities of Common Substances @ $\mathbf{2 0}^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Substance | Density <br> $\left(\mathbf{g} / \mathbf{c m}^{3}\right)$ | Substance | Density <br> $\left(\mathbf{g} / \mathbf{c m}^{\mathbf{3}}\right)$ |
| Oxygen | 0.00133 | Aluminum | 2.70 |
| Hydrogen | 0.000084 | Iron | 7.87 |
| Ethanol | 0.785 | Copper | 8.96 |
| Benzene | 0.880 | Silver | 10.5 |
| Water | 1.000 | Lead | 11.34 |
| Magnesium | 1.74 | Mercury | 13.6 |
| Salt (sodium <br> chloride) | 2.16 | Gold | 19.32 |

1. The ratio of an object's mass to its $\qquad$ is called the density of the object.
2. A kilogram of lead occupies a much smaller volume than a kilogram of water, because $\qquad$ has a much higher density.
3. For the masses and volumes indicated, calculate the density in grams per cubic centimeters.
a. mass $=453 \mathrm{~g}$; volume $=225 \mathrm{~cm} 3$
b. mass $=5.0 \mathrm{~g}$; volume $=10.0 \mathrm{~cm} 3$
c. mass $=26.1 \mathrm{~g} ;$ volume $=2.0 \mathrm{~mL}$
4. If 89.2 mL of a liquid has a mass of 75.2 g , calculate the liquid's density.
5. A cube of metal weighs 1450 g and displaces 542 mL of water when immersed. Calculate the density of the metal.
6. Calculate the volume of 50.0 g of each of the following substances:
a. sodium chloride
b. mercury
c. benzene
d. silver
7. Calculate the mass of $50.0 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of each of the following substances.
a. gold
b. iron
c. lead
d. aluminum
8. A cubic block of one of the substances listed on the chart has a side length of 5.0 cm and a mass of 224 grams. Which material is it?
9. Archemedes was commissioned to determine if the crown given to the king was pure gold or not. If the crown had a mass of 882 grams and displaced 50.0 mL of water, was the crown pure gold? Show the calculation.
